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In re Application of

Singhal et al.

Application No. 09/751,649 Filed: December 29, 2000

Attorney Docket No. M-8495 US

**DECISION GRANTING STATUS** 

ON PETITION

This is a decision on the petitions filed July 11, 2008 which are being collectively being treated as (1) a request under 37 CFR 1.48(a) to amend the inventive entity by the addition of Jeff A. Price and (2) under 37 CFR 1.183 requesting waiver of the requirement under 37 CFR 1.64 that all the originally signing inventors also execute the supplemental oath or declaration filed July 11, 2008.

### The petitions are **GRANTED**.

If the inventive entity is set forth in error in an executed § 1.63 oath or declaration in a nonprovisional application, and such error arose without any deceptive intention on the part of the person named as an inventor in error or on the part of the person who through error was not named as an inventor, the inventorship of the nonprovisional application may be amended to name only the actual inventor or inventors.

In those instances wherein a request under 37 CFR 1.48(a) and a petition under 37 CFR 1.47 have both been filed in an application, the Office of Petitions may first issue a decision on the request under 37 CFR 1.48(a) so as to determine the appropriate oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.63 required for the petition under 37 CFR 1.47. In those situations where, as here, a previously signing inventor refuses to execute a supplemental oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.64, waiver under 37 CFR 1.183 of the requirement for an additional signature would be appropriate upon a showing of such refusal or inability to reach the inventor. Every existing assignee of the original named inventors must give its consent to the requested correction. Where there is more than one assignee giving its consent, the extent of that interest (percentage) should be shown. Where no assignment has been executed by the inventors, or if deletion of a refusing inventor is requested, waiver will not be granted absent unequivocal support for the correction sought. Petitions under 37 CFR 1.47 are not applicable to the requirement for signatures from each originally named inventor on the supplemental oath or declaration.

37 CFR 1.48(a) requires that an amendment to the named inventive entity be accompanied by:

- (1) A request to correct the inventorship that sets forth the desired inventorship change;
- (2) A statement from each person being added as an inventor and from each person being deleted as an inventor that the error in inventorship occurred without deceptive intention on his or her part;

- (3) An oath or declaration by the actual inventor or inventors as required by § 1.63 or as permitted by §§ 1.42, 1.43 or § 1.47;
- (4) The processing fee set forth in § 1.17(i); and
- (5) If an assignment has been executed by any of the original named inventors, the written consent of the assignee (see § 3.73(b).

The request under 37 CFR 1.48(a) has complied with all of the requirements with the submission of a grantable petition under 37 CFR 1.183.

The petition requesting waiver under 37 CFR 1.183 of the requirement in 37 CFR 1.64 for reexecution of the supplemental oath or declaration by George Cameron who signed the original oath or declaration, is granted.

On very infrequent occasions, the requirements of 37 CFR 1.64 have been waived upon the filing of a request and the fee set forth in § 1.17(f) for a petition under 37 CFR 1.183 (along with the supplemental oath or declaration) to permit the acceptance of that supplemental oath or declaration signed by less than all the originally signing named inventors. Petitions under 37 CFR 1.47 are only applicable to the initial execution of an original oath or declaration by a given inventor and are not applicable to the reexecution of another or supplemental oath or declaration by that originally signing inventor. In such circumstances, the USPTO will consider a petition under 37 CFR 1.183 requesting waiver of the requirement of 37 CFR 1.64 that each of the actual inventors execute the supplemental oath or declaration, particularly where assignee consent is given to the requested correction. Absent assignee consent, the petition under 37 CFR 1.183 requesting waiver of the reexecution of the oath or declaration will be evaluated as to whether the nonsigning inventor was actually given the opportunity to reexecute the oath or declaration, or whether the nonsigning inventor could not be reached. In essence, petitioner must show that the inability to again obtain the signature statement from originally signing inventor George Cameron is, notwithstanding the exercise of reasonable care and diligence, due to circumstances beyond his control.

The petition filed under 37 CFR 1.183 is **granted**. Petitioner has demonstrated inventor Cameron has refused to reexecute the declaration. In addition, the assignee of record has consented to the addition of inventor Price.

This application is being referred to art unit 2117 for processing in the normal course of business.

Telephone inquiries should be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3215.

Charlema Grant Petitions Attorney

Office of Petitions

**Enclosure: Corrected Filing Receipt** 

reulena grant



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FILING or GRP ART APPLICATION FIL FEE REC'D TOT CLAIMS IND CLAIMS NUMBER 371(c) DATE UNIT ATTY.DOCKET.NO 09/751,649 12/29/2000 2117 710 M-8495 US

32566 PATENT LAW GROUP LLP 2635 NORTH FIRST STREET **SUITE 223** SAN JOSE, CA 95134

**CONFIRMATION NO. 9244** CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT



Date Mailed: 12/22/2008

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections

### Applicant(s)

Ashok Singhal, Redwood City, CA; David J. Broniarczyk, Mountain View, CA; George R. Cameron, Capitola, CA; Jeff A Price, Pleasanton, CA:

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 32566

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

**Foreign Applications** 

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 02/13/2001

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 09/751,649** 

Projected Publication Date: Request for Non-Publication Acknowledged

Non-Publication Request: Yes

Early Publication Request: No

Title

Communication link protocol optimized for storage architectures

## **Preliminary Class**

714

# PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

#### LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

## **GRANTED**

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#### **NOT GRANTED**

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